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# Safety Data Sheet

## LHS SLOW HARDENER

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(30429732/SDS\_GEN\_CA/EN)

### 1. Identification

#### Product identifier used on the label

**LHS SLOW HARDENER**

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

Recommended use\*: hardener

Recommended use\*: Paints, Coatings and Related Materials; for industrial use only

Unsuitable for use: Not intended for sale to or use by the general public.

\* The "Recommended use" identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a Federal requirement and is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

##### Company:

BASF Canada Inc.  
5025 Creekbank Road  
Building A, Floor 2  
Mississauga, ON, L4W 0B6, CANADA

Telephone: +1 289 360-1300

#### Emergency telephone number

##### 24 Hour Emergency Response Information

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

BASF HOTLINE: (800) 454-COPE (2673)

#### Other means of identification

Chemical family: Coating

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### 2. Hazards Identification

#### According to Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (SOR/2015-17)

##### Classification of the product

Resp. Sens.	1	Respiratory sensitization
Skin Sens.	1	Skin sensitization
Flam. Liq.	3	Flammable liquids
Aquatic Acute	3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute

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Aquatic Chronic	3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic
STOT SE	3 (irritating to respiratory system)	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure
Acute Tox.	3 (Inhalation - vapour)	Acute toxicity

### Label elements

Pictogram:



Signal Word:

Danger

Hazard Statement:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection or face protection.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
P284	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use water spray for extinction.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove or Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P342 + P311	If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P311	Call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Precautionary Statements (Storage):

P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.

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Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501

Dispose of contents and container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

### Hazards not otherwise classified

No applicable information available.

## 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

### According to Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (SOR/2015-17)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

CAS Number: 95-63-6

Content (W/W):  $\geq 1.0$  -  $< 3.0\%$

Synonym: 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

2-heptanone

CAS Number: 110-43-0

Content (W/W):  $\geq 7.0$  -  $< 10.0\%$

Synonym: 2-Heptanone; Methyl n-amyl ketone

2-butoxyethyl acetate

CAS Number: 112-07-2

Content (W/W):  $\geq 3.0$  -  $< 5.0\%$

Synonym: Butyl cellosolve acetate

Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester

CAS Number: 763-69-9

Content (W/W):  $\geq 7.0$  -  $< 10.0\%$

Synonym: 3-Ethoxypropanoic acid ethyl ester; Ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate

1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate

CAS Number: 822-06-0

Content (W/W):  $\geq 0.2$  -  $< 0.3\%$

Synonym: Hexamethylene diisocyanate

Benzene, trimethyl-

CAS Number: 25551-13-7

Content (W/W):  $\geq 1.0$  -  $< 3.0\%$

Synonym: Trimethylbenzene

(OLIGOMER) Hexamethylene diisocyanate isocyanurate-type oligomers

CAS Number: 28182-81-2

Content (W/W):  $\geq 25.0$  -  $< 50.0\%$

Synonym: No data available.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

CAS Number: 64742-95-6

Content (W/W):  $\geq 3.0$  -  $< 5.0\%$

Synonym: No data available.

HDI-polymer

CAS Number: 28182-81-2

Content (W/W):  $\geq 25.0$  -  $< 50.0\%$

Synonym: No data available.

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### 4. First-Aid Measures

#### Description of first aid measures

##### General advice:

Remove contaminated clothing.

##### If inhaled:

Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air. If breathing difficulties develop, aid in breathing and seek immediate medical attention.

##### If on skin:

Immediately wash thoroughly with soap and water, seek medical attention.

##### If in eyes:

Flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids open to facilitate rinsing. If irritation develops, seek medical attention. Seek medical attention.

##### If swallowed:

Immediate medical attention required. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions. Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.

*Information on: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene*

*Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:; headache, tiredness, nausea, anxiety, asthma, bronchitis, noncardiogenic pulmonary edema*

*Information on: 2-heptanone*

*Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:; headache, dizziness, nausea, unconsciousness*

*Information on: 2-butoxyethyl acetate*

*Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:; vomiting, polyuria, renal failure, nausea, headache*

*Information on: Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester*

*Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:; unconsciousness, vomiting, lethargy, nausea, headache, dizziness*

*Information on: Benzene, trimethyl-*

*Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:; Eye irritation, skin irritation, erythema, nausea, headache, vomiting, dizziness, diarrhea, abdominal cramps, Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:; irritation of respiratory tract, coughing*

*Information on: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.*

*Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:; Eye irritation, skin irritation, erythema, nausea, headache, vomiting, dizziness, diarrhea, abdominal cramps, Ingestion may provoke the following symptoms:; asphyxia, dyspnea, choking, respiratory arrest, circulatory collapse, death*

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### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### Note to physician

Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

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## 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:  
carbon dioxide, foam, dry powder, water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons:  
water jet

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards during fire-fighting:  
Vapors and/or decomposition products are irritant and/or toxic. If product is heated above decomposition temperature acrid smoke and fumes will be released.

### Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:  
Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

### Further information:

Avoid water contamination in closed containers of confined areas, because carbon dioxide gas is generated. Notify proper authorities. Do not flood burning material with water due to potential spreading of fire. Flash fire may occur. Run-off water from fire may cause pollution. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Remove product from areas of fire, or otherwise cool sealed containers with water in order to avoid pressure build up due to heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may accumulate in low areas and travel a considerable distance up to the source of ignition.

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## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Extinguish sources of ignition nearby and downwind. Avoid prolonged inhalation. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation.

### Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dike spillage. Wash down spill area with decontamination solution. Spill area can be decontaminated with the following recommended decontamination solution: Allow solution to stand for at least 10 minutes. Remove containers to a safe place, cover loosely, and allow to stand for 24 to 48 hours before sealing and disposing. Shovel into open container. Add additional decontamination solution to waste container. Mixture of 80 % water and 20 % non-ionic surfactant, or 90 - 95 % water, 3 - 8 % concentrated ammonia and 2 % detergent.

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### 7. Handling and Storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Handle and open container with care. Avoid water contamination in closed containers of confined areas, because carbon dioxide gas is generated. WARNING: Empty containers may still contain hazardous residue. If bulging of drum occurs, transfer to well ventilated area, puncture to relieve pressure, open vent and let stand for 48 hours before resealing. Do not reseal container if contamination of the product is suspected. Use static lines when mixing and transferring material. Do not puncture, drop, or slide containers. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Protection against fire and explosion:

Risk of explosion if heated under confinement. Use antistatic tools. Exhaust fans should be explosion proof. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Provide adequate ventilation to remove solvent vapors from lower levels or work areas and to prevent solvent contact with ignition sources. Sealed containers should be protected against heat as this results in pressure build-up.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Segregate from strong bases. Segregate from oxidizing agents. Segregate from incompatible substances. Segregate from metals. Segregate from strong acids. Keep away from water.

Suitable materials for containers: Carbon steel (Iron), tinned carbon steel (Tinplate)

Further information on storage conditions: Keep container tightly closed. Protect against moisture. Carbon dioxide gas can cause containers to expand and possibly rupture explosively. Store protected against freezing. Protect from direct sunlight. If moisture enters isocyanate containers, CO<sub>2</sub> forms and pressure builds up.

Storage stability:

Storage temperature: 25 - 35 °C

Consult local fire marshal for storage requirements.

Slow non-hazardous polymerization possible when at or exceeding maximum temperatures.

Protect from temperatures above: 50 °C

### 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### Components with occupational exposure limits

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH, US:	TWA value 25 ppm ;
2-heptanone	ACGIH, US: OSHA Z1:	TWA value 50 ppm ; PEL 100 ppm 465 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ;
2-butoxyethyl acetate	ACGIH, US:	TWA value 20 ppm ;
1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate	ACGIH, US:	TWA value 0.005 ppm ;
Benzene, trimethyl-	ACGIH, US:	TWA value 25 ppm ;

#### Advice on system design:

Provide local exhaust ventilation to maintain recommended P.E.L.

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### Personal protective equipment

#### **Respiratory protection:**

Do not exceed the maximum use concentration for the respirator facepiece/cartridge combination.

#### **Hand protection:**

Use appropriate chemically impervious gloves as determined by an evaluation of glove performance characteristics and the hazards and potential hazards identified, including but not limited to butyl, natural and synthetic rubber, nitrile, or neoprene.

#### **Eye protection:**

Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists. Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles).

#### **Body protection:**

Body protection must be chosen based on level of activity and exposure.

#### **General safety and hygiene measures:**

Work place should be equipped with a shower and an eye wash. Remove contaminated clothing. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and clean before re-use or dispose it if necessary. Contact lenses should not be worn. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift.

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form:	liquid	
Odour:	ester-like	
Odour threshold:	No applicable information available.	
Colour:	clear	
pH value:	No applicable information available.	
Melting point:	No applicable information available.	
Freezing point:	No applicable information available.	
Boiling range:	152.00 - 250.00 °C	
Sublimation point:	No applicable information available.	
Flash point:	56 °C	
Flammability:	No applicable information available.	
Lower explosion limit:	0.50 %(V)	
Upper explosion limit:	8.54 %(V)	
Autoignition:	No applicable information available.	
Vapour pressure:	No applicable information available.	
Density:	1.0657 g/cm3 ( 20 °C)	(calculated)
Relative density:	1.0657 ( 20 °C)	
Vapour density:	No applicable information available.	
Partitioning coefficient n-octanol/water (log Pow):	No applicable information available.	
Thermal decomposition:	Risk of polymerization above the indicated temperature in the presence of moisture and isocyanate reactive substances.	
Viscosity, dynamic:	No applicable information available.	
Viscosity, kinematic:	> 20.500 mm2/s	
Solubility in water:	No applicable information available.	
Miscibility with water:	immiscible	
Solubility (quantitative):	No applicable information available.	
Solubility (qualitative):	No applicable information available.	
Molar mass:	No applicable information available.	
Evaporation rate:	No applicable information available.	

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### 10. Stability and Reactivity

#### Reactivity

No applicable information available.

#### Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

On contact with water, gaseous decomposition products are formed, which cause build-up of pressure in tightly closed containers. Reacts with water.

#### Conditions to avoid

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid direct contact with water. Avoid electrostatic discharge.

#### Incompatible materials

strong oxidizing agents, strong bases, strong acids, thiols, transition metal salts, water, amines, alcohols

#### Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products:

nitrogen oxides, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, hydrogen cyanide

Thermal decomposition:

Risk of polymerization above the indicated temperature in the presence of moisture and isocyanate reactive substances.

### 11. Toxicological information

#### Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

#### Primary routes of entry

Solvents are absorbed through the skin.

#### Acute Toxicity/Effects

##### Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: Of pronounced toxicity after short-term inhalation.

*Information on: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene*

*Assessment of acute toxicity: Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion. Of moderate toxicity after short-term inhalation. The product has not been fully tested. The statements have been derived in parts from products of a similar structure or composition.*

*Information on: 2-heptanone*

*Assessment of acute toxicity: Of moderate toxicity after short-term inhalation. Of moderate toxicity after single ingestion. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact.*



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*Information on: 2-butoxyethyl acetate*

*Assessment of acute toxicity: Of moderate toxicity after single ingestion. Of moderate toxicity after short-term skin contact. The inhalation of a highly enriched/saturated vapor-air-mixture represents an unlikely acute hazard. The European Union (EU) has classified this substance as 'harmful' after inhalation.*

*Information on: Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester*

*Assessment of acute toxicity: Of low toxicity after single ingestion. The inhalation of a highly enriched/saturated vapor-air-mixture represents an unlikely acute hazard. Of low toxicity after short-term skin contact.*

*Information on: 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate*

*Assessment of acute toxicity: Of high toxicity after short-term inhalation. In animal studies the substance is virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. Of moderate toxicity after single ingestion. Inhalation of vapours may cause irritation of the mucous membranes of the nose, throat or trachea, breathlessness, chest discomfort, difficult breathing and reduced pulmonary function. Inhalation exposure well above the PEL may result additionally in eye irritation, headache, chemical bronchitis, asthma-like findings or pulmonary edema. Isocyanates have also been reported to cause hypersensitivity pneumonitis, which is characterized by flu-like symptoms, the onset of which may be delayed.*

*Information on: (OLIGOMER) Hexamethylene diisocyanate isocyanurate-type oligomers*

*Assessment of acute toxicity: Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. Of moderate toxicity after short-term inhalation.*

*Information on: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.*

*Assessment of acute toxicity: Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion. No deaths at the highest dose tested after short-term inhalation. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition. Of low toxicity after short-term skin contact.*

### Oral

No applicable information available.

Type of value: LD50

Species: rat

Value: 1,670.000000 mg/kg

### Inhalation

No applicable information available.

Type of value: LC50

Species: rat

Value: 19.000000 mg/l

### Dermal

No applicable information available.

Type of value: LD50

Species: rabbit

Value: 1,500.000000 mg/kg

### Assessment other acute effects

Assessment of STOT single:

Causes temporary irritation of the respiratory tract.

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### Irritation / corrosion

Assessment of irritating effects: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

*Information on: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene*

*Assessment of irritating effects: Skin contact causes irritation. Eye contact causes irritation. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.*

*Information on: 2-heptanone*

*Assessment of irritating effects: Not irritating to the eyes. May cause slight irritation to the skin.*

*Information on: 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate*

*Assessment of irritating effects: Irritating to eyes and skin.*

*Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Skin contact may result in dermatitis, either irritative or allergic. Overexposure to the eyes may cause irritation, redness, scratching of the cornea, and tearing. Repeated or prolonged skin contact can cause drying and cracking of the skin.*

*Information on: (OLIGOMER) Hexamethylene diisocyanate isocyanurate-type oligomers*

*Assessment of irritating effects: May cause slight irritation to the skin. May cause slight irritation to the eyes.*

*Information on: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.*

*Assessment of irritating effects: May cause slight irritation to the skin. May cause slight irritation to the eyes. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.*

### Sensitization

Assessment of sensitization: The substance may cause sensitization of the respiratory tract.  
Sensitization after skin contact possible.

*Information on: 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate*

*Assessment of sensitization:*

*The substance may cause sensitization of the respiratory tract. Sensitization after skin contact possible.*

*As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals will develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the PEL/TLV. These symptoms, which include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath, or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air, or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Chronic overexposure to isocyanates has also been reported to cause lung damage, including a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, or blistering. In those who have developed a skin sensitization, these symptoms can develop as a result of contact with very small amounts of liquid material, or even as a result of vapour-only exposure. Animal tests indicate that skin contact may play a role in causing respiratory sensitization.*

*Information on: (OLIGOMER) Hexamethylene diisocyanate isocyanurate-type oligomers*

*Assessment of sensitization:*

*Caused skin sensitization in animal studies.*

### Aspiration Hazard

No aspiration hazard expected.

### Chronic Toxicity/Effects

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### Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### *Information on: 2-butoxyethyl acetate*

*Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Damages blood cells. Due to the species specific mode of action, the effects are not expected to occur in humans.*

#### *Information on: 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate*

*Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: After repeated exposure the prominent effect is local irritation. Based on the chemical structure a neurotoxic effect by repeated administration cannot be excluded.*

#### *Information on: (OLIGOMER) Hexamethylene diisocyanate isocyanurate-type oligomers*

*Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: After repeated exposure the prominent effect is local irritation.*

#### *Information on: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.*

*Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: After repeated exposure the prominent effect is local irritation. The substance may cause damage to the liver after repeated ingestion.*

*Effects on the kidney of male rats were detected after repeated exposure. These effects are specific for the male rat and are known to be of no relevance to humans. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.*

### Genetic toxicity

Assessment of mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Teratogenicity

Assessment of teratogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come into contact with isocyanates is recommended. Persons with asthmatic conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases, recurrent eczema or pulmonary sensitization should be excluded from working with isocyanates. Once a person is diagnosed as having pulmonary sensitization (allergic asthma) to isocyanates, further exposure is not recommended. The isocyanate component is a respiratory sensitizer. It may cause allergic reaction leading to asthma-like spasms of the bronchial tubes and difficulty in breathing.

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## 12. Ecological Information

### **Toxicity**

#### Aquatic toxicity

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:

Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. There are no test results available for this product. Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

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### 13. Disposal considerations

#### Waste disposal of substance:

Do not incinerate closed containers. The use and processing of this product, or addition of other constituents, may cause it to be considered a hazardous waste. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

Must be disposed of or incinerated in accordance with local regulations.

#### Container disposal:

Do not reuse containers without commercial reconditioning. WARNING: Empty containers may still contain hazardous residue.

### 14. Transport Information

#### Land transport

TDG

Hazard class:	3
Packing group:	III
ID number:	UN 1263
Hazard label:	3
Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

#### Sea transport

IMDG

Hazard class:	3
Packing group:	III
ID number:	UN 1263
Hazard label:	3
Marine pollutant:	NO
Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

#### Air transport

IATA/ICAO

Hazard class:	3
Packing group:	III
ID number:	UN 1263
Hazard label:	3
Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

### 15. Regulatory Information

#### Federal Regulations

#### Registration status:

Chemical                      DSL, CA                      released / listed

#### NFPA Hazard codes:

Health: 3                      Fire: 3                      Reactivity: 0                      Special:

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### 16. Other Information

**SDS Prepared by:**

BASF NA Product Regulations

SDS Prepared on: 2022/04/12

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.

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